Numb. 5257

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Saturday September 4. to Tuesday September 7. 1714.

The Lord MARSHAL's Order, for the Nobility and others, who meet His MAJESTY *on the Day of his* ROYAL ENTRY, *to be out of Mourning for that Day.*

IN Purſuance of an Order of their Excellencies the Lords Juſtices, at St. *James*'s, the Third Day of *September*, 1714, Theſe are to give publick Notice, That notwithſtanding the Order of the Fifth of *Auguſt* laſt, for all Perſons to put themſelves, their Coaches, and Livery Servants into Mourning, upon the Occaſion of Her late Majeſty's Death: It is expected, That the Nobility and others, who are to meet, and give their Attendance on the KING, upon the Day of his Royal Entry from *Greenwich*, through the City of *London*, to His Palace of St. *James*'s, be out of Mourning, as to their own Perſons and Coaches, for that Day only; but that their Livery Servants be ſtill in Mourning.

And it is further expected, That all other Perſons, who ſhall be in any Balconies, Windows, *&c.* as Spectators on the ſaid Day, do not appear in Mourning on that Occaſion.

4 *Sept.* 1714. *SUFFOLK*, M.

St. James's, September 6. It being this Day ſignify'd from their Excellencies the Lords Juſtices, to the Right Hon. the Lords of His Majeſty's moſt Honourable Privy Council, That a Commiſſion being paſs'd the Great Seal, appointing ſeveral Commiſſioners to hear and determine all Claims of Services to be done at His Majeſty's Coronation; and that Notice will in a ſhort time be given by Proclamation of the Time and Place of their Meeting: Theſe are in the mean time to inform all Perſons who Claim to do any ſuch Services, that they are forthwith to prepare and make ready their reſpective Claims to be laid before the ſaid Commiſſioners without Loſs of Time.

SUFFOLK, M.

Petersbourg, Auguſt 6. N. S. The young Princeſs, Daughter of the Prince of Muſcovy, was Baptized ſome Days ago with great Solemnity, and named, after the Czar's Siſter, Natalia. Prince Menzikoff intends to ſet out very ſoon for Nottebourg, in order to viſit the Fortifications of that Place. It is ſaid, the Allies of the North are firmly reſolved not to agree to a Suſpenſion of Arms with Sweden. Letters from Revel bring an account, that the Czar was embarked on Board a Man of War for Finland, where it is thought he is now arrived. His Majeſty intends to ſtay there but a ſhort time, and, unleſs the Confederates make the Divertion they promiſed in Scania, it is very much doubted whether he will carry on the Deſigns he had formed againſt Sweden this Summer.

Turin, Auguſt 11. *N. S.* Their Majeſties are expected here very ſoon from Sicily, and great Preparations are already making for their Reception at Nice. The Mortality of Cattle is very much encreaſed in ſeveral Countries hereabouts, notwithſtanding the Care that hath been taken to prevent the Infection from ſpreading. There hath lately ariſen a Diſpute between this Government and the Republick of Genoa, about the Borders of their reſpective Territories, but it is hoped the Differences upon this Subject will be amicably accommodated, and that neither Party will carry Matters to Extremity. We are informed that Cardinal Acquaviva hath executed the Commiſſion he received from the King of Spain, to marry the Princeſs of Parma in his Majeſty's Name, and ſhe is to embark very ſoon on board the Genoeſe Ships, which wait to receive her at Porta Spetia. Letters from Genoa bring an account, that a Veſſel was arrived there from Mataro, the Maſter of which reported, that the Inhabitants of Barcelona continued to make a vigorous Defence, and would not hearken to any Propoſals for ſurrendring the Place.

Venice, Auguſt 18. *N. S.* The Magiſtrate of Health continues to uſe all poſſible Diligence to prevent the contagious Diſtemper, which is broken out in ſeveral Countries hereabouts, from ſpreading into the Territories of this State. Some Recruits of German Troops are expected very ſoon at Verona, in order to compleat the Regiments of that Nation in Italy. They write from Parma, that great Preparations were making there for the Celebration of the Marriage of the Princeſs with his Catholick Majeſty. Letters from Rome bring an account, that the Venetian Ambaſſador was to make his Publick Entry there on the 12th with great Magnificence. *Te Deum* had been ſung in the Portugueſe Church,